

- 1.6 GB/s PCIe Gen 2 (4-lane) interface
- 2 channels sampled at 12-bit resolution
- 500 MS/s real-time sampling rate
- Variable frequency external clocking
- 256 Megasamples of on-board acquisition memory per channel
- ±100 mV to ±4 V input range
- Asynchronous DMA device driver
- AlazarDSO[®] oscilloscope software
- Software Development Kit supports C/C++, C#, Python, MATLAB[®], LabVIEW[®]
- Support for Windows[®] & Linux[®]



Product	Bus	Operating System	Channels	Max. Sample Rate	Bandwidth	Memory Per Channel	Resolution
ATS9352	PCIe x4 Gen 2	32-bit/64-bit Windows & 64-bit Linux	2	500 MS/s	250 MHz	256 Megasamples	12 bits

Overview

AlazarTech ATS[®]9352 is 4-lane PCI Express Gen 2 (PCIe x4), dual-channel, high-speed, 12-bit, 500 MS/s waveform digitizer card capable of streaming acquired data to PC memory at rates up to 1.6 GB/s or storing it in its on-board dual-port acquisition memory buffer of 256 Megasamples.

Unlike other products on the market, ATS9352 does not use interleaved sampling. Each input has its own 12-bit, 500 MSPS ADC chip.

The variable frequency external clock allows operation from 500 MHz down to 30 MHz, making ATS9352 an ideal waveform digitizer for OCT applications.

Users can capture data from one trigger or a burst of triggers. Users can also stream very large datasets continuously to PC memory or hard disk.

ATS9352 is supplied with AlazarDSO software that lets the user get started immediately without having to go through a software development process.

Users who need to integrate the ATS9352 in their own program can purchase a software development kit, ATS-SDK, for C/C++, C#, Python, MATLAB, and LabVIEW for both Windows and Linux operating systems.

All of this advanced functionality is packaged in a low-power, half-length PCI Express card.

Applications

Optical Coherence Tomography (OCT) Ultrasonic & Eddy Current NDT/NDE Radar/RF Signal Recording Terabyte Storage Oscilloscope High-Resolution Oscilloscope Lidar Spectroscopy

Multi-Channel Transient Recording





PCI Express Bus Interface

ATS9352 interfaces to the host computer using a 4-lane PCI Express bus. Each lane operates at 5 Gbps (Gen 2).

According to PCIe specification, a 4-lane board can be plugged into any 4-lane, 8-lane or 16-lane slot, but not into a 1-lane slot. As such, ATS9352 requires at least one free 4-lane, 8-lane, or 16-lane slot on the motherboard.

Electrically, ATS9352 is compatible with Gen 1, Gen 2 and Gen 3 slots. Note that data throughput will be halved if ATS9352 is plugged into a Gen1 slot.

The physical and logical PCIe x4 interface is provided by an on-board FPGA, which also integrates acquisition control functions, memory management functions and acquisition datapath. This very high degree of integration maximizes product reliability.

The AlazarTech[®] 1.6 GB/s benchmark was done using an ASUS[®] WS X299 SAGE motherboard.

The same performance can be expected from virtually all other motherboards.

Users must always be wary of throughput specifications from manufacturers of waveform digitizers. Some unscrupulous manufacturers tend to specify the raw, burst-mode throughput of the bus. AlazarTech, on the other hand, specifies the benchmarked sustained throughput. To achieve such high throughput, a great deal of proprietary memory management logic and kernel mode drivers have been designed.

Analog Input

An ATS9352 features two analog input channels with extensive functionality. Each channel has up to 250 MHz of full power analog input bandwidth.

With software-selectable attenuation, you can achieve an input voltage range of ± 100 mV to ± 4 V.

It must be noted that input impedance of both channels is fixed at 50 $\ensuremath{\Omega}\xspace$.

Software-selectable AC or DC coupling further increases the signal measurement capability.

Additional Low-Frequency Analog Input

ATS9352 also features a third analog input channel capable of sampling at 200 KS/s. It allows users to acquire the value of an analog input signal each time the waveform digitizer is triggered.

The main application for this low-frequency analog input is in OCT systems where tracking or feedback signals need to be monitored in real time.

The acquired value of the third analog input is embedded into a Footer that is appended at the end of each record, so software can easily correlate all three channels.

The low-frequency analog input on the ATS9352 is labeled AN IN on the face plate.

Acquisition System

ATS9352 PCI Express digitizers use state of the art 500 MSPS, 12-bit ADCs to digitize the input signals. The real-time sampling rate ranges from 500 MS/s down to 1 KS/s for internal clock and 2 MS/s for external clock.

The two channels are guaranteed to be simultaneous, as the two ADCs use a common clock.

An acquisition can consist of multiple records, with each record being captured as a result of one trigger event. A record can contain both pre-trigger and post-trigger data.

Infinite number of triggers can be captured by ATS9352, when it is operating using dual-port memory.

In between the multiple triggers being captured, the acquisition system is re-armed by the hardware within 256 sampling clock cycles.

This mode of capture, sometimes referred to as Multiple Record, is very useful for capturing data in applications with a very rapid or unpredictable trigger rate. Examples of such applications include medical imaging, ultrasonic testing, OCT and NMR spectroscopy.

On-Board Acquisition Memory

ATS9352 provides 256 Million samples per channel of on-board dual-port memory that can be used for signal storage.

There are two distinct advantages of having on-board memory:

First, a snapshot of the ADC data can be stored into this acquisition memory at full acquisition speed of 2 ch * 500 MS/s * 2 bytes per sample = 2 Gigabytes per second, which is higher than the maximum PCIe Gen 2 x4 bus throughput of 1.6 GB/s.

Second, and more importantly, on-board memory can also act as a very deep FIFO between the Analogto-Digital converters and PCI Express bus, allowing very fast sustained data transfers across the bus, even if the operating system or another motherboard resource temporarily interrupts DMA transfers.

Maximum Sustained Transfer Rate

PCI Express support on different motherboards is not always the same, resulting in significantly different sustained data transfer rates. The reasons behind these differences are complex and varied and will not be discussed here.

ATS9352 users can quickly determine the maximum sustained transfer rate for their motherboard by inserting their card in a PCIe slot and running the bus benchmarking tool provided in AlazarDSO for Windows or AlazarFrontPanel for Linux.

ATS9352, which is equipped with dual-port on-board memory, will be able to achieve this maximum sustained transfer rate.



Recommended Motherboards or PCs

Many different types of motherboards and PCs have been benchmarked by AlazarTech. The ones that have produced the best throughput results are listed here: <u>www.alazartech.com/images-media/2246-AlazarTech</u> RecommendedMotherboards.pdf.

Optional FPGA-Based FFT Processing

ATS9352 On-FPGA FFT option provides the ability to do real-time FFT signal processing using the ATS9352 on-board FPGA*. Note that only one input can be processed.



Up to 2048-point FFT length is supported. A user programmable complex windowing function can be applied to the acquired data before FFT calculation.

The complex FFT output is converted to magnitude in single precision floating-point format. A logarithmic output is also available.

Based on customer feedback, output formats of on-FPGA FFT have been reduced to:

- 10 * Log of amplitude²
- Square Root of amplitude²

These outputs provide more than sufficient image resolution in typical OCT applications.

If other outputs, such as phase or multiple channel FFT, are required, ATS-GPU-OCT or ATS-GPU-NUFFT can be used.

It is also possible to DMA both frequency and time domain data. This allows users to verify FPGA-based FFT operation during algorithm development.

ATS9352 can perform 100,000 2048-point FFTs per second.

FPGA-based FFT is ideal for customers in the Optical Coherence Tomography (OCT) field.

*Order part number ATS9352-010 for optional FPGA Firmware. Firmware version 19.08 or later, and ATSApi library and driver version 7.6.4 or later are required. If ordered after digitizer delivery, customer will have to perform the firmware update. Furthermore, if the update is for an ATS9352 that is no longer under warranty, AlazarTech requires that a series of tests be performed to validate that the digitizer is in working condition.

Traditional AutoDMA

In order to acquire both pre-trigger and post-trigger data in a dual-ported memory environment, users can use Traditional AutoDMA.



Data is returned to the user in buffers, where each buffer can contain from 1 to 8192 records (triggers). This number is called RecordsPerBuffer.

While Traditional AutoDMA can acquire data to PC host memory at the maximum sustained transfer rate of the motherboard, a BUFFER_OVERFLOW can occur if more than 512 triggers occur in very rapid succession, even if all the on-board memory has not been used up.

ATS9352 features a high-performance memory management firmware that allows much faster data throughput in Traditional mode than previous generation digitizers.

No Pre-Trigger (NPT) AutoDMA

Many ultrasonic scanning and medical imaging applications do not need any pre-trigger data: only post-trigger data is sufficient.

NPT AutoDMA is designed specifically for these applications. By only storing post-trigger data, the memory bandwidth is optimized.



Note that a DMA is not started until RecordsPerBuffer number of records (triggers) have been acquired and written to the on-board memory.

NPT AutoDMA buffers do not include headers, so it is not possible to get trigger time-stamps.

More importantly, a BUFFER_OVERFLOW flag is asserted if the on-board memory overflows, i.e. the amount of memory that has been written into but not not read out to PCIe bus exceeds the on-board memory size.

NPT AutoDMA can easily acquire data to PC host memory at the maximum sustained transfer rate of the motherboard without causing an overflow.

Continuous AutoDMA

Continuous AutoDMA is also known as the data streaming mode.

In this mode, data starts streaming across the PCIe bus as soon as the ATS9352 is armed for acquisition.



It is important to note that triggering is disabled in this mode.



Continuous AutoDMA buffers do not include headers, so it is not possible to get trigger time-stamps.

A BUFFER_OVERFLOW flag is asserted only if the entire on-board memory is used up.

The amount of data to be captured is controlled by counting the number of buffers acquired. Acquisition is stopped by an AbortCapture command.

Continuous AutoDMA can easily acquire data to PC host memory at the maximum sustained transfer rate of the motherboard without causing an overflow. This is the recommended mode for very long signal recording.

Triggered Streaming AutoDMA

Triggered Streaming AutoDMA is virtually the same as Continuous mode, except the data transfer across the bus is held off until a trigger event has been detected.



Triggered Streaming AutoDMA buffers do not include headers, so it is not possible to get trigger time-stamps.

A BUFFER_OVERFLOW flag is asserted only if the entire on-board memory is used up.

As in Continuous mode, the amount of data to be captured is controlled by counting the number of buffers acquired. Acquisition is stopped by an AbortCapture command.

Triggered Streaming AutoDMA can easily acquire data to PC host memory at the maximum sustained transfer rate of the motherboard without causing an overflow. This is the recommended mode for RF signal recording that has to be started at a specific time, e.g. based on a GPS pulse.

Asynchronous DMA Driver

The various AutoDMA schemes discussed above provide hardware support for optimal data transfer. However, a corresponding high-performance software mechanism is also required to make sure sustained data transfer can be achieved.

This proprietary software mechanism is called Async DMA (short for Asynchronous DMA).

A number of data buffers are posted by the application software. Once a data buffer is filled, i.e. a DMA has been completed, ATS9352 hardware generates an interrupt, causing an event message to be sent to the application so it can start consuming data. Once the data has been consumed, the application can post the data buffer back on the queue. This can go on indefinitely.

One of the great advantages of Async DMA is that almost 95% of CPU cycles are available for data processing, as all DMA arming is done on an event-driven basis.

To the best of our knowledge, no other supplier of waveform digitizers provides asynchronous software drivers. Their synchronous drivers force the CPU to manage data acquisition, thereby slowing down the overall data acquisition process.

Triggering

ATS9352 is equipped with sophisticated digital triggering options, such as programmable trigger thresholds and slope on any of the input channels or the External Trigger input.

While most oscilloscopes offer only one trigger engine, ATS9352 offers two trigger engines (called Engines J and K).

The user can specify the number of records to capture in an acquisition, the length of each record and the amount of pre-trigger data.

A programmable trigger delay can also be set by the user. This is very useful for capturing the signal of interest in a pulse-echo application, such as ultrasound, radar, lidar etc.

External Trigger Input

The external trigger input on the ATS9352 is labeled TRIG IN on the face plate.

By default, the input impedance of this input is 50 Ω and the full scale input range is ±3 Volts. The trigger signal is treated as an analog signal in this situation and a high-speed comparator receives the signal.

It is also possible to trigger the ATS9352 using a 3.3 V TTL signal. Input impedance is approximately 6.3 k Ω in this mode. This is very useful in imaging applications that use a trigger signal that cannot drive a 50 Ω load.



Timebase

ATS9352 timebase can be controlled either by onboard low-jitter VCO or by External Clock.

On-board low-jitter VCO uses an on-board 10 MHz TCXO as a reference clock.

External Clock

While the ATS9352 features low-jitter VCO and a 10 MHz TCXO as the source of the timebase system, there may be occasions when digitizing has to be synchronized to an external clock source.

ATS9352 External Clock feature provides an SMA input for an external clock signal, which should have a high slew rate. Signal levels, specified in detail on page 8, must be respected.

Input impedance for the External Clock input is fixed at 50 Ω . External clock input is always AC-coupled.

There are two types of External Clock supported by ATS9352:

Fast External Clock

A new sample is taken by the on-board ADCs for each rising edge of this External Clock signal.

In order to satisfy the clocking requirements of the ADC chips being used, Fast External Clock frequency must always be higher than 30 MHz and lower than 500 MHz.

This is the ideal clocking scheme for OCT applications.

10 MHz Reference Clock

It is possible to generate the sampling clock based on an external 10 MHz reference input. This is useful for RF systems that use a common 10 MHz reference clock.

ATS9352 uses an on-board low-jitter VCO to generate the 500 MHz high-frequency clock used by the ADC. This 500 MHz sampling clock can then be decimated by a factor of 1, 2, 5, 10 or any other integer value that is divisible by 5.

OCT Ignore Bad Clock

The ADCs used on the ATS9352 require the external clock frequency to be above 150 MHz and lower than 500 MHz. In OCT applications, these limits cannot always be respected due to the nature of the optical source.

AlazarTech's OCT Ignore Bad Clock technology, allows safe operation with these out-of-specification clocks without requiring the use of a dummy clock in the source.



See <u>www.alazartech.com/en/technology/oct-ignore-bad-clock/</u> for more information on this technology.

AUX Connector

ATS9352 provides an AUX (Auxiliary) SMA connector that is configured as a Trigger Output connector by default.

When configured as a Trigger Output, AUX SMA connector outputs a 5 Volt TTL signal synchronous to the ATS9352 Trigger signal, allowing users to synchronize their test systems to the ATS9352 Trigger.

When combined with the Trigger Delay feature of the ATS9352, this option is ideal for ultrasonic and other pulse-echo imaging applications.

AUX connector can also be used as a Trigger Enable Input, or "Frame Start" input, which can be used to acquire complete frames, or B-scans, in imaging applications. In fact, this is the most popular use of the AUX connector in OCT applications.

Calibration

Every ATS9352 digitizer is factory calibrated to NIST- and CNRC-traceable standards. To recalibrate an ATS9352, the digitizer must be shipped back to the factory.

On-Board Monitoring

Adding to the reliability offered by ATS9352 are the on-board diagnostic circuits that constantly monitor over 20 different voltages, currents and temperatures. LED alarms are activated if any of the values surpass the limits.

AlazarDSO Software

ATS9352 is supplied with the powerful AlazarDSO software that allows the user to setup the acquisition hardware and capture, display and archive the signals.

The Stream-To-Memory command in AlazarDSO allows users to stream a large dataset to motherboard memory.

AlazarDSO software also includes powerful tools for benchmarking the computer bus and disk drive.



Software Development Kits

AlazarTech provides an easy-to-use software development kit for customers who want to integrate the ATS9352 into their own software.

A Windows and Linux compatible software development kit, called ATS-SDK, includes headers, libraries and source code sample programs written in C/C++, C#, Python, MATLAB, and LabVIEW. These programs can fully control the ATS9352 and acquire data in user buffers.

The purchase of an ATS-SDK license includes a subscription that allows users to download ATS-SDK updates from the AlazarTech website for period of 12 months from the date of purchase.

Customers who want to download new releases beyond this 12 month period should purchase extended maintenance (order number ATS-SDK-1YR).

ATS-GPU

ATS-GPU is a software library developed by AlazarTech to allow users to do real-time data transfer from ATS9352 to a GPU card at rates up to 1.6 GB/s.

Interfacing waveform digitizers to GPUs involves creating a software mechanism to move data from one to the other and back to user buffers. The standard techniques used most often can get the job done, but feature very low data throughput due to software overheads.

AlazarTech designed ATS-GPU to eliminate this software bottleneck so that data can be moved from AlazarTech digitizers to GPUs and from GPUs to user buffers at full PCIe bus speeds. Once the data is available in GPU memory, many types of digital signal processing (DSP) can be done on this data at near-hardware speeds.

ATS-GPU-BASE is supplied with an example user application in source code. The application includes GPU kernels that use ATS-GPU to receive data, do very simple signal processing (data inversion), and copy the processed (inverted) data back to a user buffer. All this is done at the highest possible data transfer rate.

Programmers can replace the data inversion code with application-specific signal processing kernels to develop custom applications.

ATS-GPU-OCT is the optional OCT Signal Processing library for ATS-GPU. It contains floating-point FFT routines that have also been optimized to provide the maximum number of FFTs per second. Kernel code running on the GPU can do zero-padding, apply a windowing function, do a floating-point FFT, calculate the amplitude and convert the result to a log scale. It is also possible to output phase information.

ATS-GPU-NUFFT is an extension of ATS-GPU-OCT that allows non-uniform FFTs to be performed on data acquired uniformly in time domain using a fixed

sampling rate. For SS-OCTs where the wavelength does not vary linearly in time, a fixed sampling rate results in data that is non-uniformly distributed in frequency domain. ATS-GPU-NUFFT allows linearized FFTs to be performed on such data.

ATS-GPU supports 64-bit Windows and 64-bit Linux for CUDA[®]-based development.

Support for Windows

Windows support for ATS9352 includes Windows 11, Windows 10, Windows Server[®] 2019, and Windows Server 2016. As Windows Server 2019 and 2016 are seldom used by our customers, they are expected to work but are not regularly tested with each software release. If there are issues related to Windows Server 2016 or 2019, tech support may not be as rapid as for other operating systems.

Microsoft mainstream support ended in 2018 for Windows 8.1 and Windows Server 2012 R2. As such, AlazarTech has ceased development on these operating systems. Current software and driver releases may work with these operating systems but they are not officially supported.

Due to lack of demand and due to the fact that Microsoft no longer supports these operating systems, AlazarTech no longer supports Windows 8, Windows 7, Windows XP, Windows Vista, Windows Server 2012, Windows Server 2008 R2, and Windows Server 2008.

Linux Support

AlazarTech offers ATS9352 Dynamic Kernel Module Support (DKMS) drivers for the following Linux distributions: Ubuntu, Debian, and RHEL[®].

AlazarTech DKMS drivers may work for other Linux distributions but they have not been tested and technical support may be limited.

Users can download the DKMS driver for their specific distribution by choosing from the available drivers here: http://release@ftp.alazartech.com/outgoing/linux

Only 64-bit Linux operating systems are supported.

A GUI application called AlazarFrontPanel that allows simple data acquisition and display is also provided.

ATS-SDK includes source code example programs for Linux that demonstrate how to acquire data programmatically using a C compiler.

Based on a minimum annual business commitment, the Linux driver source code license (order number ATS9352-LINUX) may be granted to qualified OEM customers for a fee. For release of driver source code, a Non-Disclosure Agreement must be executed between the customer's organization and AlazarTech.

All such source code disclosures are made on an as-is basis with limited support from the factory.



Technical Support

AlazarTech is known for its world-class technical support. Customers receive free technical support on hardware products that are under warranty.

AlazarTech digitizers come with a standard one (1) year parts and labor warranty. This warranty can be extended for a fee (more information can be found in the *Extended Warranty* section below).

If your waveform digitizer is out of warranty, you will not be eligible for free technical support on AlazarTech hardware or software products and you will need to purchase technical support hours (order number SUPPORT-HR5) to obtain assistance.

In addition, any necessary repairs to your out-ofwarranty hardware products will carry a minimum bench charge.

Extended Warranty

The purchase of an ATS9352 includes a standard one (1) year parts and labor warranty. Customers may extend their warranty by ordering the Extended Warranty (order number ATS9352-061).

This must be purchased before expiration of the standard warranty (or before expiration of an Extended Warranty). Extended Warranties can only be purchased while there is a valid warranty in place.

Users can purchase up to 4 (four) additional years of warranty extensions for a maximum total of 5 years of warranty.

Get your warranty end date by registering your product at: www.alazartech.com/en/my-account/my-products/.

OEM Packaging

ATS9352 is available in OEM quantities. All OEMquantity orders are delivered in a single shipment (no partial shipments allowed). OEM-quantity orders (order numbers ATS9352-110, ATS9352-125, ATS9352-150, ATS9352-200) come in OEM packaging, which does not include software and documentation on USB flash drive.

Software and documentation must be downloaded from www.alazartech.com/en/downloads/.

Export Control Classification

According to the *Export Controls Division of the Government of Canada*, ATS9352 is currently not controlled for export from Canada. Its export control classification is N8, which is equivalent to ECCN EAR99.

ATS9352 can be shipped freely outside of Canada, with the exception of countries listed on the <u>Area Control List</u> and <u>Sanctions List</u>. Furthermore, if the end-use of ATS9352, in part or in its entirety, is related to the development or deployment of weapons of mass destruction, AlazarTech is obliged to apply for an export permit.

RoHS Compliance

ATS9352 is fully RoHS compliant, as defined by Directive 2015/863/EU (RoHS 3) of the European Parliament and of the Council of 31 March 2015 on the restriction of the use of certain hazardous substances in electrical and electronic equipment.

All manufacturing is done using RoHS-compliant components and lead-free soldering.

EC Conformity

ATS9352 conforms to the following standards:

Electromagnetic Emissions:

CISPR 32:2015/AMD1:2019/EN 55032:2015/A11:2020 (Class A):

Multimedia Equipment (MME). Radio disturbance characteristics. Limits and method of measurement: EN 61000-3-2:2014, EN 61000-3-3:2013.

Electromagnetic Immunity:

EN 55035:2017/A11:2020: Multimedia Equipment (MME) Immunity characteristics — Limits and methods of measurement.

Safety:

IEC 62368-1:2014/EN 62368-1:2014: Audio/video, information and communication technology equipment — Part 1: Safety requirements .

ATS9352 also follows the provisions of the following directives: 2014/35/EU (Low Voltage Equipment); 2014/30/EU (Electromagnetic Compatibility).

FCC & ICES-003 Compliance

ATS9352 has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class A digital device, pursuant to part 15, subpart B of the FCC Rules, and the Canadian Interference-Causing Equipment Standard ICES-003 Issue 7 Oct 2020.

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System Requirements

Personal computer with at least one free x4, x8, or x16 PCI Express (v2.0) slot, 8 GB RAM, 16 GB of free hard disk space.

1.2 A, typical

0.5 A, typical

Power Requirements

+12 V +3.3 V

Physical

Size

Weight

Single slot, half length PCI Express card (4.377 inches x 6.5 inches excluding the connectors protruding from the front panel) 250 g

I/O Connectors

ECLK, CH A, CH B, TRIG IN, AN IN, AUX I/O

Environmental

Operating temperature0 to 55 degrees CelsiusStorage temperature-20 to 70 degrees CelsiusRelative humidity5 to 95%, non-condensing

Acquisition System

Resolution Bandwidth (-3 dB) DC-coupled, 50 Ω AC-coupled, 50 Ω Number of channels Maximum sample rate Minimum sample rate

Full scale input ranges $50 \ \Omega$ input impedance:

DC accuracy Input coupling Input impedance Absolute maximum input 50 Ω 12 bits DC - 250 MHz

SMA female connectors

100 kHz - 250 MHz2, simultaneously sampled500 MS/s single shot1 KS/s single shot for internal clocking

±100 mV, ±200 mV, ±400 mV, ±1 V, ±2 V, and ±4 V, softwareselectable ±2% of full scale in all ranges

AC or DC, software-selectable 50 $\Omega \pm 1\%$

 ±4 V (DC + peak AC for CH A, CH B, and TRIG IN only without external attenuation)

Additional Low-Frequency Analog Input

Bandwidth (-3 dB) DC-coupled, 50 Ω Maximum sample rate Full scale input range DC accuracy Input coupling Input impedance Input protection Absolute max. amplitude

DC - 100 kHz 200 KS/s single shot -0.5 V to +2.5 V, fixed $\pm 2\%$ of full scale in all ranges DC 50 $\Omega \pm 1\%$ ± 3 V 5 V_{P-P}

Acquisition Memory System

Acquisition Memory/ch	256 Million samples per channel
Record length	Software-selectable with 32-point resolution. Record length must be a minimum of 256 points. There is no upper limit on the maximum record length.
Number of records	Software-selectable from a minimum of 1 to a maximum of infinite number of records
Pre-trigger depth	From 0 to 4080 for single channel From 0 to 2040 for dual channel
Post-trigger depth	Record Length – Pre-Trigger Depth
Timebase System	
Timebase options	Internal Clock or External Clock
Internal sample rates	500 MS/s, 250 MS/s, 100 MS/s, 50 MS/s, 20 MS/s, 10 MS/s, 5 MS/s, 2 MS/s, 1 MS/s, 500 KS/s, 200 KS/s, 100 KS/s, 50 KS/s, 20 KS/s, 10 KS/s, 5 KS/s, 2 KS/s, 1 KS/s
	Record length Number of records Pre-trigger depth Post-trigger depth Timebase System Timebase options

Internal clock accuracy ±2 ppm

Dynamic Parameters

Typical values measured on the 400 mV range of CH A of a randomly selected ATS9352. Input signal was provided by a Rohde & Schwarz SMB100A signal generator, followed by a 9-pole, 10 MHz band-pass filter (TTE Q36T-10M-1M-50-720BMF). Input frequency was set at 9.9 MHz and output amplitude was 270 mV rms, which was approximately 95% of the full scale input.

53.69 dB
53.49 dB
-66.85 dB
70.83 dBc

Note that these dynamic parameters may vary from one unit to another, with input frequency and with the full scale input range selected.

ECLK (External Clock) Input

Signal level	250 mV _{P-P} to 2 V _{P-P}
Input impedance	50 Ω
Input coupling	AC
Maximum frequency	500 MHz for Fast External Clock
Minimum frequency	30 MHz for Fast External Clock
Sampling edge	Rising

10 MHz Reference PLL Input

Signal level	200 mV _{P-P} to 2 V _{P-P}		
Input impedance	50 Ω		
Input coupling	AC		
Input frequency	$10 \text{ MHz} \pm 0.1 \text{ MHz}$		
Maximum frequency	10.1 MHz		
Minimum frequency	9.9 MHz		
Sampling clock freq.	500 MHz		



Triggering System

Mode	Edge triggering with hysteresis		
Comparator type	Digital comparators for internal (CH A, CH B) triggering and software-selectable analog comparators or TTL gate for TRIG IN (External) triggering		
Number of trigger engines	2		
Trigger engine combination	Engine J, engine K, J OR K, software-selectable		
Trigger engine source	CH A, CH B, TRIG IN, Software or None, independently software- selectable for each of the two Trigger Engines		
Hysteresis	±5% of full scale input, typical		
Trigger sensitivity	$\pm 10\%$ of full scale input range, except for TTL triggering for External Trigger. This implies that the trigger system may not trigger reliably if the input has an amplitude less than $\pm 10\%$ of full scale input range selected		
Trigger level accuracy	±5%, typical, of full scale input range of the selected trigger source		
Bandwidth	250 MHz		
Trigger delay	Software-selectable from 0 to 9,999,999 sampling clock cycles		
Trigger timeout	Software-selectable with a 10 μ s resolution. Maximum settable value is 3,600 seconds. Can also be disabled to wait indefinitely for a trigger event		

TRIG IN (External Trigger) Input

Input type	Analog or 3.3 V TTL, software- selectable
Input coupling	DC only
Analog input impedance Analog bandwidth (-3 dB) Analog input range Analog DC accuracy Analog absolute max. input	50 Ω DC - 250 MHz ±3 V ±10% of full scale input ±8 V (DC + peak AC without external attenuation)
TTL input impedance TTL min. pulse width TTL min. pulse amplitude	6.3 kΩ ±10% 32 ADC sampling clocks 2 Volts

TTL min. pulse amplitude TTL absolute max. input

Auxiliary I/O (AUX I/O)

Signal direction	Input or Output, software-select- able. Trigger Output by default
Output types:	Trigger Output, Pacer (programmable clock) Output, Software-controlled Digital Output
Input types:	Trigger Enable Software readable Digital Input

-0.7 V to +5.5 V

ATS9352 500 MS/s I2-Bit PCI Express Digitizer

Output Amplitude: Synchronization:	5 Volt TTL Synchronized to a clock derived
-,	from the ADC sampling clock. Divide-by-4 clock (dual channel mode) or divide-by-8 clock (single channel mode)
Input	
Amplitude:	3.3 Volt TTL (5 Volt compliant)
Input coupling:	DC
Materials Complied	

Materials Supplied

ATS9352 PCI Express card ATS9352 Installation Disk (on USB Flash Drive)[‡]

Certification and Compliances

RoHS 3 (Directive 2015/863/EU) Compliance CE Marking — EC Conformity FCC Part 15 Class A / ICES-003 Class A Compliance

All specifications are subject to change without notice

‡ Only applies to order number ATS9352-001. USB flash drive is not provided for OEM-quantity orders (order numbers ATS9352-110, ATS9352-125, ATS9352-150, and ATS9352-200). For OEM-quantity orders, software must be downloaded from www.alazartech.com/en/downloads/.

ORDERING INFORMATION

ATS9352 (single unit)	ATS9352-001
ATS9352: On-FPGA FFT	ATS9352-010
ATS9352: One Year Extended Warranty	ATS9352-061
ATS9352 (10-24 units)	ATS9352-110
ATS9352 (25-49 units)	ATS9352-125
ATS9352 (50-99 units)	ATS9352-150
ATS9352 (100+ units)	ATS9352-200
ATS-SDK purchased with a digitizer board or ATS-GPU: License + 1 Year Subscription (Supports C/C++, Python, MATLAB, and LabVIEV	ATS-SDK N)
ATS-SDK purchased separately: License + 1 Year Subscription + 5 hours of technical support (Supports C/C++, Python, MATLAB, and LabVIEV	ATS-SDK-WOD
ATS-GPU-BASE: GPU Streaming Library License + 1 Year Subscription	ATSGPU-001
ATS-GPU-OCT: Signal Processing Library License + 1 Year Subscription (requires ATSGP	ATSGPU-101 U-001)
ATS-GPU-NUFFT: ATS-GPU-OCT Extension for fixed-frequency sampled data License + 1 Year Subscription (requires ATSGPU-001 & ATSGPU-101)	ATSGPU-201
5 Hours of technical support	SUPPORT-HR5



DATASHEET REVISION HISTORY

Changes from version 1.3 (Nov 2021) to version 1.3A

Added section on new optional feature: FPGA-Based FFT Processing

- Changes to maintenance subscription inclusions: removed technical support Added Windows 11 Added new section to specify how AlazarTech handles technical support:
- Customers receive free technical support on hardware products that are under warranty. Out-of-warranty support requires the purchase of support hours.
- Updated specification name from *Input protection* to *Absolute maximum input* Actual value did not change.
- Updated specification names (actual values did not change): Analog input protection to Analog absolute max. input TTL input protection to TTL absolute max. input.
- Updated name for product *Software Development Kit* Now called: *ATS-SDK purchased with a waveform digitizer board* Added products ATS9352-010, ATS-SDK-WOD, and SUPPORT-HR5

Changes from version 1.1e (Oct 2021) to version 1.3

Specified number of extended warranties that users may purchase

Changes from version 1.1d (Apr 2021) to version 1.1e

Updated motherboard used for benchmarking
Updated support status for Windows 8.x and Windows Server versions 2012 R2, 2016, 2019
Updated Linux Support (RHEL)
Updated Electromagnetic Emissions and Safety standards

Changes from version 1.1c (Mar 2021) to version 1.1d

Updated minimum external clock frequency from 25 MHz to 30 MHz Updated standards for Electromagnetic Emissions, Electromagnetic Immunity, and Safety Updated System Requirements

Changes from version 1.1b (Oct 2020) to version 1.1c

Updated on-board acquisition memory depth from 128 MS per channel to 256 MS per channel Updated links to AlazarTech website: new website has a different URL structure Updated supported Windows versions - removed Windows 7 & Windows Server 2008 R2 Corrected standards for Electromagnetic Emissions and Safety; Corrected Low Voltage Equipment and Electromagnetic Compatibility directives Corrected ICES-003 standard from ICES-003:2004 to ICES-003:2016 Updated descriptions for ATS-SDK, ATSGPU-001, ATSGPU-101, ATSGPU-201

Changes from version 1.1a (Jan 2020) to version 1.1b

Added electrical compatibility with Gen 1 and note that throughput is halved if ATS9352 is plugged into a Gen 1 slot
Added section *Traditional AutoDMA*Updated section *No Pre-Trigger (NPT) AutoDMA*: removed sentence about timestamps, it is not possible to get trigger timestamps;

updated the paragraph on BUFFER_OVERFLOW removed paragraph re: NPT AutoDMA being the recommended mode of operation (for ATS9352, both *Traditional AutoDMA* and *NPT AutoDMA* can acquire data to PC host memory at the maximum sustained transfer rate of the motherboard).

Updated section ATS-GPU and added paragraph on ATS-GPU-NUFFT

Updated section Linux Support with new DKMS drivers

Corrected power requirements for +3.3 V

Corrected Dynamic Parameters

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DATASHEET REVISION HISTORY

Corrected TRIG IN Input type, removed: (5 V compliant)

Changes from version 1.1a (Jan 2020) to version 1.1b (continued)

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Added Auxiliary I/O input coupling (DC)

Added order number for ATS-GPU-NUFFT

Changes from version 1.1 (Nov 2019) to version 1.1a

Added Gen 2 to Bus column

Added AlazarFrontPanel (for Linux) as benchmarking tool

Because signal levels differ for Fast External Clock and 10 MHz Reference Clock, replaced min. and max. amplitude with a note that signal levels specified on page 7 must be respected.

Added end-of-support notice for Windows 7 and Windows Server 2008 R2

Changed signal level from "500 mV_{P-P} to 2 V_{P-P}" to "250 mV_{P-P} to 2 V_{P-P}"

Changed signal level from "500 mV_{P-P} to 2 V_{P-P}" to "200 mV_{P-P} to 2 V_{P-P}" Updated product names for:

ATS9352-001, ATS9352-110, ATS9352-125, ATS9352-150, ATS9352-200

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